# THIS PASSPORT

**BELONGS TO** 

**TEACHER** 



#### **FOSSIL UNBOXING**

Science SOLs

K.1 a b c f K.3 1.5 b 1.7 c 2.5 g j

3.1 3.4 3.5

#### With Special Thanks to:

## **HH** Truist Foundation

For making the virtual, "Get Schooled!" program possible





If YOU want to support one of our Virtual Get Schooled Field Trips please contact 540-342-5733!



### **Fossil Unboxing**



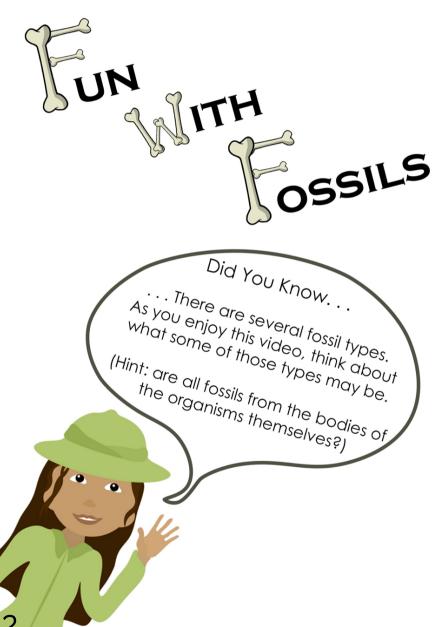


Welcome to your Virtual Get Schooled Field Trip with:

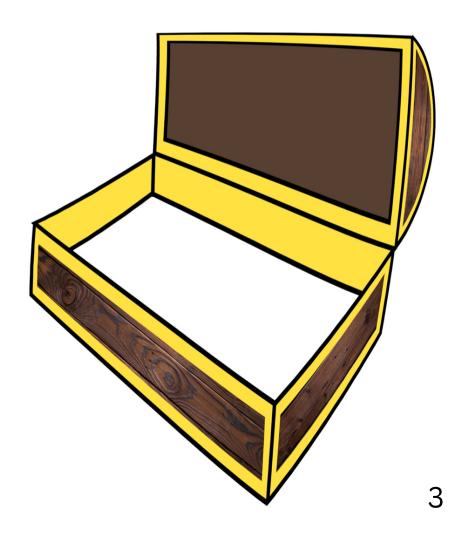




## Welcome to The Science Museum of Western Virginia's Discovery Boxes!



Look through the box below (don't flip the page yet!)
to peek at this item.
What do you think it is?



## It's a

#### T-Rex tooth

How can we tell what it used to eat from this fossil?

We can tell this tooth was used to eat meat because it is

large and has a sharp point.







What else did you learn about this fossil?
We learned that the T-Rex tooth does not have a very deep or strong root system so it could come out easily.

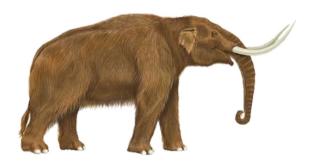
Look through the box below (don't flip the page yet!)
to peek at this item.
What do you think it is?

## It's a

#### Mastodon molar

How can we tell what it used to eat from this fossil?

From this fossil we learned that its teeth had
a very strong root system which indicated it
was a plant eater.





Did You Hear it?

Health experts recommend that humans drink a half gallon of water each day.

Mastodons would drink \_\_\_16-40

gallons of water each day!

Look through the box below (don't flip the page yet!)
to peek at this item.
What do you think it is?

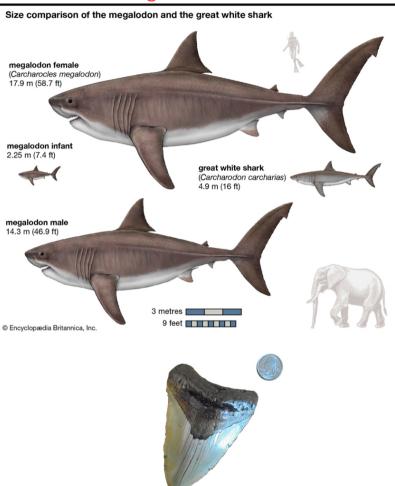
\_\_\_\_\_\_



7

## It's a

#### Megalodon tooth



#### Did You Hear it?

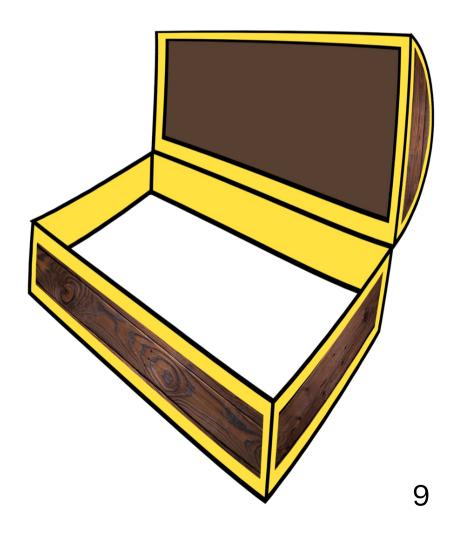
How did megalodon teeth change over time? The megalodon teeth changed over time by developing serrated edges.

Why do you think they went extinct?

The megalodon went extinct because they were unable to hunt enough food to sustain themselves.

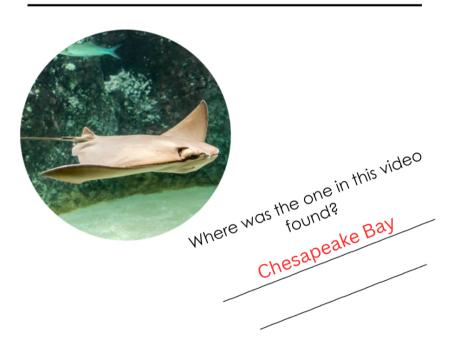
Look through the box below (don't flip the page yet!)
to peek at this item.
What do you think it is?

\_\_\_\_\_



## This is a

#### Cownose Ray





Fill in the blanks with the information that you learned from the video to figure out what words you need to "dig up" in the word search below!

Α	fossil	is any preserved remains,
impress	ion, or trace of	any once-living thing from a past
	ge	eological age.
	(fro	om Wikipedia)

The T Rex tooth was found in what State? <u>Utah</u>

Mastodons ate vegitation, this means they are called:

herbavores

A megalodon is a prehistoric \_\_\_\_\_shark \_\_\_\_.

Cownose rays enjoy eating <u>clams</u> and oysters.

С	Τ	u	0	f	e	u	h	t	n	а
S	u	n	s	0	а	k	e	С	у	f
h	e	٧	0	S	2	a		k	r	0
e	1	a	n	s	f	t	b	r	a	u
f	٧	i	b	i	0	i	i	s	a	t
s	h	С	a	ı	s	m	٧	h	С	а
c	a	р	1	a	У	e	0	r	a	h
t	I	u	t	h	a	t	r	i	р	а
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#### True Form

These types of fossils come from what their name suggests, the actual form of the creature. Parts of the body become replaced by minerals, and we call this petrification.

#### Trace

Have you ever heard an adult use this word in a sentence? Maybe they said something like, "Don't leave any trace of crumbs on the table." In this case it means that you shouldn't leave evidence that you had eaten something by leaving crumbs on the table, or traces of the food. It has to do with something you left, not from your actual body. This is similar to a trace fossil example except that their traces are from a long time ago. Examples are tracks, nests, dung and teethmarks.

#### Mold

No, not the icky stuff on old bread, but a mold of an organism. This is a hollow imprint left in rock or sediment. So it actually looks like a negative of the originial item. Examples can be from leaves, teeth and embryos.

#### Cast

This is similar to a mold but with an extra step. A mold is hollow, but if it gets filled up by minerals it will resemble the original organism or item again, this is a cast.

